VOTE 14

GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

To be appropriated by vote in 2017/18 R712 634 000 Responsible MEC MEC for Finance

Administering Department Gauteng Provincial Treasury Accounting Officer Head of Department

1. OVERVIEW

Vision

To provide strategic leadership in financial and fiscal matters to ensure sustainable and inclusive social and economic development of the people of Gauteng so that all may enjoy value for money services of the highest quality.

Mission

We are an activist Treasury that enables and promotes quality service delivery for the citizens of Gauteng through:

- Sustainable financing and funding that ensures developmentally focused allocation of resources and innovative
- Efficient cash management that ensures sustainable liquidity levels in the province;
- Effective financial management and reporting that ensures responsible stewardship and transparent resource utilization and expenditure; and
- A well-structured governance framework that ensures accountability, transparency and fiscal discipline in line with statutory obligations.

Strategic goals

- · To promote better planning and budgeting synergy across all spheres of government in the province;
- To ensure balanced budgeting and sustainable funding for legislative mandates and strategic priorities of the province;
- To ensure approved financial resources are spent efficiently, effectively and economically across the province;
- To support all departments, entities and municipalities to achieve unqualified audits;
- To reduce fraud and corruption and promote clean government across the province; and
- To ensure statutory obligations are met and that decision-makers facilitate appropriate interventions.

Core functions and responsibilities

The functions of the Gauteng Provincial Treasury (GPT) are described in the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA, 1999) and the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA, 2003). These can be summarised as follows:

- To manage the budget allocation for the Gauteng Provincial Government;
- To ensure the instilling of fiscal discipline and corporate governance in the province;
- To ensure proper cash management;
- To ensure the effective and efficient utilisation of resources value for money and compliance with all relevant legislation;
- To develop, implement and monitor compliance with corporate governance norms and standards relating to provincial and local government; and
- To ensure adequate financial accountability.

Main services

The mandate of the Gauteng Provincial Treasury is to promote good governance by providing stewardship on all financial matters in the province and to ensure that provincial budgets and budgetary processes promote transparency, accountability and the effective financial management of resources.

In essence, the role of the department is to ensure that provincial strategies are funded through projects and other initiatives which are aligned to the provincial priorities.

Ten-Pillar Programme of Transformation, Modernisation and Re-industrialisation

The fifth Administration has placed emphasis on radical socio-economic transformation, an activist and responsive government. The strategic thrust which is a Gauteng City Region (GCR) wide programme and policy of radical socio-economic transformation known as Transformation, Modernisation and Reindustrialisation (TMR) underpinned by a tenpillar programme. The mandate of the Gauteng Provincial Treasury is essentially centered on promoting good governance by providing stewardship on all financial matters in the province. In essence, the role of the department is thus focused on ensuring that strategies and key provincial priorities and projects which align to the TMR programme are funded. In this regards, the GPT supports all ten pillars in the TMR programme through reprioritizing and ensuring all the new provincial priorities are resourced.

At a departmental level, the department directly supports the following provincial pillars:

- Pillar 1: Radical economic transformation;
- Pillar 4: Transformation of state and governance; and
- Pillar 5: Modernisation of the public service.

As an activist Treasury, we have adopted pillars which support and align to the TMR programme and also operationalise the department's mission and vision. The adopted departmental pillars are as follows:

- · Promoting better planning and budgeting synergy across all spheres of government in the province;
- · Sustainable financing and funding;
- · Effective and efficient financial management;
- Support radical economic transformation; and
- Perform all Treaury's statutory obligations and promote a transparent and accountable government.

The Gauteng Provincial Treasury has implemented and continues to implement the departmental strategic pillars which are aligned to the Transformation, Modernisation and Re-industrialisation agenda. To date, the GPT has achieved the following:

- Improved synergy in planning and budgeting processes among three spheres of government to ensure key priorities as espoused in the TMR programme are adequately funded in order to accelerate service delivery to the Gauteng citizenry;
- Implementation of the revenue enhancement strategy;
- Stabilization of the provincial wage bill against budget;
- Prudent cash management practices resulting in sustainable liquidity levels in the GPG;
- Provision of structured and targeted training to government institutions resulting in improvement in audit outcomes;
- Implementation of the open tender process as a measure to reduce fraud and corruption in government procurement processes;
- Compliance with regulatory and legislated requirements and standards;
- Implementation of Business Intelligence (BI) tools and automation of systems to improve efficiencies in financial management and enhance data integrity;
- Implementation of initiatives that support the Township Economy Revitalisation Strategy; and
- Maintenance of an unqualified audit opinion with no matters of emphasis for the department and the Provincial Revenue Fund.

National Development Plan

The National Development Plan (NDP) envisions a South Africa where everyone feels free yet bounded to others; where everyone embraces their full potential, a country where opportunity is determined not by birth, but by ability, education and hard work. The realisation of such a society will require transformation of the economy and focused efforts to build the country's capabilities. The main challenge has been unevenness in capacity that leads to uneven performance in local, provincial and national government. Part of building the country's capabilities includes the work described in Chapter 13 of the NDP where it is indicated that there is a need to build the capability of the state to play a developmental and transformative role.

In alignment with the need to build a capable and developmental state, the GPT has aligned its objectives with and supports the initiatives espoused in the provincial TMR programme.

Some of the key objectives under the NDP chapter are:

- A state that is capable of playing a developmental and transformative role;
- A public service immersed in the development agenda but insulated from undue political interference;
- Relations between national, provincial and local government are improved through a more proactive approach to

managing the intergovernmental system; and

Strengthening local government.

Under this programme, the GPT aims to develop systems and interventions to ensure effective financial management in the province. Parts of the interventions in this regard are providing support to departments and municipalities to achieve unqualified audits, elimination of wastage and monitoring of cost containment in the province. Another important aspect of measures the department has undertaken in this regard is ensuring that government plans and budgets are synergised.

External activities and events relevant to budget decisions

The province continues to be the country's economic hub accounting for an estimated 35.4 per cent of the country's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 2015. Economic activity in the Gauteng City Region continues to be dominated by the finance & business services, followed by government, social & personal services sectors.

The fifth administration of the Gauteng Provincial Government (GPG) adopted the TMR programme that carries the future plans of the Gauteng City Region. The central economic and social objectives of the TMR remain:

- To change income distribution;
- To enhance equity and thereby raise the living standards of all our people; and
- To change ownership patterns and bring black people into the economic mainstream of the province.

The work towards the realization of these objectives continues with emphasis on the transformation of the industrial structure, the promotion of innovation-driven industries, investment into skills development, transformation of apartheid spatial patterns, investment into infrastructure, and the building of strategic transformative partnerships with the private sector.

Due to the interconnectedness of South Africa's economy, the fragile global recovery and weakening national outlook poses challenges for the province's economy. The subdued economic environment means that the country will face a challenging fiscal outlook over MTEF. During the 2016 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement speech made by the Minister of Finance, the emphasis was placed on the need to accelerate fiscal consolidation in order to limit budget deficit and slow the pace of debt accumulation, whilst supporting stronger public and private infrastructure investment.

Fiscal discipline remains important to ensure that fiscal targets are achieved. To stimulate economic activity, emphasis must be placed on meeting spending targets, particularly in infrastructure and in the economic development space. In addition, the rollout of the TMR agenda should be accelerated where possible, as well as the enhancement of the Gauteng City Region to further advance inclusive growth, with a particular emphasis on employment programmes. The 'Brexit' is expected to further dampen global economic growth prospects, potentially having an adverse impact on emerging markets (including South Africa, and eventually Gauteng), thus putting pressure on the current budget and the need to contain costs.

Acts, rules and regulations

- Division of Revenue Act (DORA), 2016;
- Treasury Regulations 2005 and Delegations;
- Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, 2004;
- Municipal Finance Management Act, 2004;
- Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003;
- The Tender Board Repeal Act, 2002;
- Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000;
- Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act 2 of 2000);
- Municipality Systems Act (2000) and Development Facilitation Act (1995);
- Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000;
- Public Finance Management Act, 1999;
- Employment Equity Act, 1998;
- Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 1997;
- Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997 (Act 97 of 1997);
- Public Service Laws Amendment Act; 1997;
- Government Employees Pension Law, 1996;
- The National Archives Act, 1996;
- Borrowing Powers of Provincial Government Act, 1996 (Act 48 of 1996);
- The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;
- Labour Relations Act, 1995;
- Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1995; and
- Public Service Act, 1994 Regulations and Delegations.

2. REVIEW OF THE CURRENT FINANCIAL YEAR (2016/17)

The department supported the implementation of the GPG Transformation, Modernisation and Re-industrialisation programme in the 2016/17 financial year and contributed directly to three pillars of the TMR programme (namely: Pillar 1 - Radical economic transformation; Pillar 4 - Transformation of state and governance; and Pillar 5 - Modernisation of public service).

The department contributed towards eight priority areas that are critical in institutionalising the Gauteng City Region by directly contributing towards these four areas:

- Revitalising and mainstreaming of the township economy and development of SMMEs and cooperatives through active industrial incentives and transformative procurement policy that promotes the growth of township-based manufacturing and services;
- Constructing and advocating for a capable, responsive, accountable, clean, activist government machinery through
 interventions such as Ntirhisano Programme and Service Delivery War Room, Administration Roadmap, Integrity
 Management Units and Open Tender System;
- Investing massively in catalytic infrastructure to facilitate spatial transformation across the five development corridors of the GCR public transport, energy, water, sanitation, broadband and open green spaces; and
- Intervening through different programmes to address the explosive situation of youth unemployment and marginalisation.

Pillar 1: Radical economic transformation

The department continued to support provincial initiatives in driving the radical economic transformation of the provincial economy including the township economy and reindustrialisation of the province by ensuring that township enterprises, cooperatives and SMMEs are registered on the government service provider database and are compliant with the regulatory requirements in order for them to do business with government. In this regard, a total of 7 024 township suppliers have been registered on the GPG supplier database through the National Treasury's centralised supplier database. The department has achieved 99 per cent payment of invoices within 30 days in 2016/17. In its quest for continuous improvement, the department has started monitoring its payment of suppliers within 15 days with the intention of targeting 15 days as a standard for supplier payment.

To improve the GPG market share for township enterprises, partnerships have been established with private sector to develop suppliers in designated sectors. The department has also implemented measures to improve the market share for local content and township enterprises, with monitoring of spending on designated sectors and identification of suppliers for development into designated economic sectors. Current spending by GPG departments, entities and municipalities is at 22.1 per cent of total procurement against a target of 18 per cent for the financial year.

The implementation of the department's Phase 1 of the Township Economy Revitalisation (TER) Strategy focused on increasing procurement from township enterprises, increasing awareness of market access for township enterprises and growing the GPG supplier database through targeted drives for the registration of new township suppliers.

As part of the implementation of Phase 2 of the TER Strategy, the department made inputs into the National Treasury's Strategic Procurement Framework which informed the development of the GPG Sourcing Strategy. Furthermore, the department has a signed a Memorandum of Agreement with a specialist in SMME development to promote the private sector participation in the TER. To date, more than 10 supplier enterprises are being trained and taken through the supplier development and incubation process. It is envisioned that this partnership will assist the GPT in creating vibrant and sustainable township enterprises that will grow the economy and address the current socio-economic challenges.

Pillar 4: Transformation of state and governance

The GPT assessed and reviewed the budgets of provincial departments through the MTEC process and assessed the municipal budgets to align them with provincial priorities to ensure that limited resources are spent on provincial priorities in line with the TMR programme and wastage of resources is eliminated.

The GPT, Gauteng Planning Division (in the Office of the Premier), Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs and municipalities collaborated in the development of an integrated planning framework to improve synegy in government planning and programmes.

With regard to the improvement of financial management in the province, the department's interventions assisted all provincial departments and entities to achieve unqualified audit outcomes. This was achieved through training seesions held with departments early in the financial year and other training sessions scheduled towards the end of the financial year to prepare for the audit period.

The department intensified the monitoring of municipalities and deployed staff members to assist with the preparation of annual financial statements in municipalities. Audit findings for the 2015/16 financial year were assessed and improvement

plans were implemented; this assisted in ensuring that all municipalities achieved unqualified audit outcomes. The municipal fiscal responsiveness assessments were conducted throughout the financial year to ensure that municipal financial management systems are effective in revenue collection; to ensure that the database of debtors is correct; and to ensure that billing is accurate. All these are aimed at improving citizen's confidence in government systems. The province put processes in place to reduce amounts owed by provincial departments to municipalities to contribute to the financial stability in municipalities.

The open tender system is one of the strategies that the GPG has adopted to transform procurement processes within supply chain management in order to eliminate corruption, non-compliance and promote transparency and good governance in the province. An analysis and selection of projects for the open tender process identified 59 projects of which 57 are already in the open tender process. The open tender process has been extended to municipalities and public entities, which resulted in 5 of their projects going through the open tender system.

Pillar 5: Modernization of the Public Service

With regard to building institutional capacity and enhancing transparency in government accounting and procurement processes as measures to combat corruption and fraud, the GPG supply chain management officials and bid committee members received training. And the lessons learnt from the probity audits provided invaluable information on the skills of procurement officials, which assisted in customising targeted training interventions.

The department continued its drive to modernise financial management systems in the province. The BI tool to track and trace accruals, commitments and irregular expenditure has been deployed in all departments.

A total of 68 learners were placed in the department during the financial year, with 20 being SAIPA learners who have a 3-year contract while the balance have a 1-year contract. This is part of the department's SAIPA Learnership Programme and Work Experience Placement Programme where the interns and learners are given an opportunity to learn practical work skills. These programmes contribute to the Tshepo 500 000 Programme.

3. OUTLOOK FOR THE COMING FINANCIAL YEAR (2017/18)

The 2017/18 financial year is the mid-term mark for the fifth administration. It is necessary for the department to reflect on its achievements to date and it is crucial for the department to put measures in place that will see to the attainment of the provincial priorities that are espoused in the TMR programme and the departmental strategic plan to ensure the acceleration of service delivery in Gauteng Province.

The TMR programme, the Gauteng Economic Development Strategy, the Township Economy Revitilisation Strategy and the Infrastructure Master Plan remain the key policies that the Gauteng City Region has adopted to accelerate service delivery to the Gauteng citizenry. The GPT will support these policies through the following:

PILLAR 1: RADICAL ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION

To create an enabling environment for township-based SMMEs to do business with GPG

The key focus area for the Township Economy Revitalisation Strategy is the revitalisation and mainstreaming of the township economy and the development of SMMEs and co-operatives through active industrial incentives and a transformative procurement policy that promotes the growth of township-based businesses.

To support the development and implementation of the Township Economy Revitalisation Strategy that encourages the increase in township spend

The combined efforts of GPG departments, entities and municipalities, to support the Township Economy Revitalisation Strategy has resulted in the target for procurement from township enterprises being realised and this effort will continue to be a focus area in the 2017/18 financial year. The department will increase the number of township suppliers on the GPG database and it will continue to provide opportunities such as supplier development and incubation as a means to ensure suppliers benefit from public procurement spend by partnering with different stakeholders. Part of the supplier development will include development workshops and training to ensure that suppliers are fully complaint with government prescripts relating to procurement.

The GPT is committed to ensuring that SMMEs and co-operatives are paid within 30 days in order for the businesses to sustain themselves and continue to operate.

PILLAR 4: TRANSFORMATION OF STATE AND GOVERNANCE

Promoting better planning and budgeting synergy across all spheres of government

South Africa, being an emerging economy, is affected by the fragile global recovery. The weakening and bleak national

outlook pose challenges for the GP economy as it indicates the country's fiscal outlook going forward. In this regard, the department will put measures in place to ensure that provincial own revenue targets are realised as stated in the Provincial Revenue Enhancement Strategy. Strategies such as sourcing alternative funding solutions will be explored. Various bilaterals will be hosted with provincial departments and municipalities to continue engaging through dialogues on budget plans proposed, alignment of TMR, other key policies and strategies adopted for implementation in the Gauteng City Region.

Platforms such as Budget Fora, Premier's Budget Committee and inter-governmental relations structures will be utilised to realise this and to ensure full participation by all stakeholders in streamlining planning processes, creating synergy and improving the credibility of planning processes in the different spheres of government.

Ensuring balanced budgeting and sustainable funding for legislative mandates and strategic priorities of the province Key focus areas for the TMR include investing massively in catalyst infrastructure projects to facilitate spatial transformation across the five development corridors of the GCR to accelerate the delivery of services and improve economic growth.

The GPT will explore partnerships that might assist with revenue generation in the province and find alternative funding solutions for other related infrastructure projects. Together with CoGTA, GPT will implement strategies that will tackle the rising municipal debt and improve revenue collection in the local government sphere.

Ensuring that approved financial resources are spent efficiently, effectively and economically across the province

To stimulate economic activity, the department will put emphasis on meeting spending targets on infrastructure and economic development and ensure that GPG departments spend in line with approved budget and avoid over-commitments.

The GPT will coordinate and implement the strategy of cost containment in the province. The strategy relates to a reduction of expenditure on nine identified items that are regarded as non-core in public service delivery. The GPT will continue to monitor the spending on personnel, which is targeted to remain below 60 percent of the total budget. The department will also continue to monitor and to ensure improvement in the spending on infrastructure and conditional grants.

Prudent cash management practices have resulted in steady and sustainable liquidity levels within GPG. The department will ensure that the liquidity levels remain unchanged through monitoring and ensuring that the cash outflows do not exceed the provincial revenue streams.

Supporting all departments, entities and municipalities to achieve unqualified audits

Various interventions by the GPT have resulted in gradual improvement in audit outcomes of departments, public entities and local municipalities. The department will continue to provide technical support, structured and targeted training to address issues raised by the Auditor-General during audits and to ensure that the province gradually moves towards having unqualified audit outcomes in all its provincial institutions. These efforts are aimed at ensuring the implementation of sound financial management practices and the implementation of recommendations specified in the action plans.

The Gauteng Audit Services will conduct internal audits which will be a precursor to the Auditor-General's audits and will highlight matters that need speedy interventions to ensure improvement of audit outcomes. The GPT will provide structured and targeted training on key problematic areas highlighted as needing prompt interventions.

Reducing fraud and corruption and promoting clean government across the province

The current administration in Gauteng Provincial Government is aiming at constructing and advocating for a capable, responsive, accountable, clean, activist government machinery. As a result, various interventions are in place to realise this; and one of the key projects is the implementation of the open tender system by government institutions. The GPT will accelerate the implementation of the project and ensure that 80 percent of government procurement is implemented through the open tender system.

The department will implement the Forensic Services Strategy which focuses on five pillars (namely: Deterrence, Prevention, Detection, Investigation and Sanctions and Recovery) to ensure eradication of fraud and corruption within the GPG.

Ensuring that statutory obligations are met and that decision-makers facilitate appropriate interventions

Timeous submission of credible statutory and regulatory reports is fundamental to a Treasury function. As a result, the GPT takes pride in having maintained the number one spot in the provincial Management of Performance Assessment Tool (MPAT) results. The GPT endeavours to work even harder to improve on areas where interventions are required to ensure full compliance with the MPAT standards and requirements in the coming financial year.

The department will continue to ensure compliance with regulatory prescripts and framework and to put measures in place to promote transparency and improve public confidence in government processes.

PILLAR 5: MODERNISATION OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE

The pilot and the rollout of the automated In-Year Monitoring (IYM) system to provincial departments will continue in the ensuing financial year. The automation of the IYM is aimed at ensuring credible financial data and improve efficiencies in budgeting and expenditure reporting processes.

The BI tools that were rolled out in the prior financial year will be further enhanced to improve the existing financial systems and processes. The department will carry out a pilot on the patient management system, a system that aims to have centralised data for patients.

The online payroll certificate system deployed in provincial departments will be implemented in public entities and the GPT will engage appropriate stakeholders in the municipalities to commence discussions on the rollout of Municipal Standard Chart of Account (MSCOA).

4. REPRIORITISATION

GPT performed the reprioritisation exercise to identify savings that will be utilised to fund the spending plan over MTEF. The baselines for goods and services in core programmes were reprioritised. The department reduced funds allocated to noncore items and savings were realised to fund priority areas.

The department reprioritised R124 million in 2017/18 and R128 million in 2018/19 among all the departmental programmes. Inclusive in these amounts is R17.4 million in 2017/18 and R16.7 million in 2018/19 that was reallocated to increase compensation of employees in order to provide for the additional capacity that is required under Municipal Financial Governance, Provincial Supply Chain Management and Gauteng Audit Services.

The identified savings under goods and services were redirected to fund the continued support of the open tender process through probity audits; the implementation requirements of specialised audits in order to enhance transparency, good governance and a clean government. Good governance will be achieved through strengthening the internal control and regulatory environment in the province, automation of AFS production and deployment of SAP project system & PPM Modules.

Furthermore, the reprioritisation will cater for providing assistance to municipalities to improve and promote sound financial governance, financial management and administration to optimize revenue collection. Overall, the reprioritisation will contribute towards expenditure reduction, improving municipal audit outcomes and addressing institutional challenges. The overall service delivery will not be negatively affected by the budget reprioritisation.

5. PROCUREMENT

The 2017/18 financial year will see a continuation of various systems that the GPT procured in the prior years. These projects include specialist capacity on the infrastructure development management system (IDMS), economic impact analysis (CGE Model), IYM automation pilot roll out and probity auditors for the open tender projects.

The department is planning to procure business solutions on its existing SAP platforms ranging from SCOA configurations to support municipalities in Gauteng, Infrastructure Project Management, Data Analytics, Fraud Risk Management Tool and Patient Administration.

To support annual financial statement reporting, the GPT will procure a solution to automate the AFS production and continue with the annual AFS training for municipalities, department and entities.

6. RECEIPTS AND FINANCING

6.1. Summary of receipts

TABLE14.1: SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	es	
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Equitable share	429 322	482 189	555 189	607 394	641 552	638 836	712 634	764 513	813 070
Total receipts	429 322	482 189	555 189	607 394	641 552	638 836	712 634	764 513	813 070

The department is funded through the equitable share. The 2015/16 financial year takes into account the reconfiguration implemented to align to the generic structure prescribed for Provincial Treasuries. The department has created new specialised and focused programmes, which includes the functions taken over from the former Gauteng Department of Finance (now Department of e-Government).

The department's equitable share budget increased from R429.3 million in 2013/14 to R555.2 million in 2015/16. The increases were attributable to the funds provided for the Health Intervention project in 2013/14 and 2014/15. The 2016/17 main budget increases from R607.4 million to R641.5 million during the adjustment budget process due to funds allocated to the department's entity, i.e. Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency (GIFA).

Over the 2017 MTEF, the budget increases from R712.6 million in 2017/18 to R813.1 million in 2019/20 to fund the implementation of the revised organisational structure and other projects such as the Probity Audit for the open tender system, Infrastructure Delivery Management Systems, Computable General Equilibrium Model, Forensic Audit Information Systems, Fraud risk management tool, Data analytics tool, P-Card software licenses, training on GRAP or modified cash standards for departments and entities and the automation of annual financial statements compilation of provincial departments.

6.2. Departmental receipts

TABLE 14.2:SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL RECEIPTS COLLECTION

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Tax receipts										
Casino taxes										
Sales of goods and services other than capital assets	235	338	555	1 000	1 000	986	1 050	1 111	1 173	
Transfers received						10				
Interest, dividends and rent on land	247 283	481 452	622 676	150 000	480 000	575 138	300 000	350 000	369 600	
Sales of capital assets			214							
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities	375	477	451	415	400	395	450	500	528	
Total receipts	247 893	482 267	623 896	151 415	481 400	576 529	301 500	351 611	371 1	

The departmental receipts are generated from interest earned on favourable cash balances, staff parking fees, and debt recovered from previous financial years.

Approximately 99 per cent of the department's total receipts is the interest revenue earned. The interest revenue increases from R247.9 million in 2013/14 to R622.7 million in 2015/16. The 2016/17 budget for interest revenue increases from R150 million to R480 million during the adjustment budget process due to revenue over-collection in the first few months of the financial year. The budget is set conservatively given that an increased spending in the province would reduce the cash balances and result in lower interest revenue earned. For this reason, the budget increases from R300 million in 2017/18 to R369.6 million in 2019/20.

The other revenue sources, particularly the parking fees, increase gradually from R338 000 in 2014/15 to R555 000 in 2015/16. As the staff complement increased in 2015/16 after a transfer of functions from the former Gauteng Department of Finance, the revenue collection from this source is now higher. The sale of tender documents contributes to the increase in departmental receipts.

7. PAYMENT SUMMARY

7.1. Key assumptions

The strategic documents that inform the department's budget for the MTEF include the Strategic Plan, Annual Performance Plan, provincial outcomes and the Gauteng Provincial Government's programme of action (POA).

The salary growth rates prescribed by the National Treasury inform the provision for the annual salary adjustments, which are as follows: 7.1 percent in 2017/18, 6.9 percent in 2018/19 and 5.8 percent in 2019/20. The personnel budget takes into account the other personnel-related costs such as notch progression, performance bonuses, housing allowances, long service award and employer's medical aid contributions.

7.2. Programme summary

TABLE 14.3:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY PROGRAMME: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

	Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estima	es	
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1. Administration	79 876	92 037	106 291	121 342	123 342	123 342	128 921	140 529	148 675
Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management	109 128	139 420	183 041	149 645	174 645	174 645	141 751	151 201	159 973
3. Financial Governance	101 776	109 809	126 678	128 028	132 536	131 866	145 585	155 523	164 541
Provincial Supply Chain Management	58 311	59 200	53 460	91 537	95 637	94 240	122 614	130 891	132 120
5. Municipal Financial Governance	27 526	28 525	29 995	36 303	37 853	37 853	61 384	65 376	73 537
6. Gauteng Audit Services	52 705	53 198	55 724	80 539	77 539	76 890	112 379	120 992	134 224
Total payments and estimates	429 322	482 189	555 189	607 394	641 552	638 836	712 634	764 513	813 070

7.3. Summary of economic classification

TABLE 14.4:SUMMARY OF PROVINCIAL PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	ım-term estima	ites
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	374 481	401 859	429 043	552 102	524 608	522 820	644 664	693 318	748 328
Compensation of employees	290 627	332 226	364 346	453 361	418 467	415 539	548 318	590 162	629 631
Goods and services	83 854	69 633	64 697	98 741	106 141	107 281	96 345	103 156	118 697
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to:	51 119	76 944	120 659	52 888	112 540	112 697	66 335	69 559	63 014
Departmental agencies and accounts	50 000	75 000	120 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940
Higher education institutions									
Non-profit institutions					8 955	8 955	10 000	10 000	
Households	1 119	1 944	659	238	935	1 092	1 000	1 015	1 074
Payments for capital assets	3 718	3 262	5 487	2 404	4 404	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	3 557	2 970	5 487	2 404	4 404	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728
Software and other intangible assets	161	292							
Payments for financial assets	4	124							
Total economic classification	429 322	482 189	555 189	607 394	641 552	638 836	712 634	764 513	813 070

Due to the department's structural reconfiguration the previous years' outcomes and the 2017 MTEF period is inclusive of the adopted functions. Spending increased from R429.3 million in 2013/14 to R555.2 million in 2015/16. This level of spending includes the department's interventions in the Department of Health to improve financial and operational management. The 2016/17 main appropriation increases from R607.4 million to R641.5 million during the adjustment budget process mainly because of additional funds provided to the Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency and the funds reallocated to the Department of e-Government (e-Gov) following the transfer of a function back to e-Gov. The budget increases from R712.6 million to R813.1 million over the MTEF.

Expenditure on compensation of employees increases from R290.6 million in 2013/14 to R364.3 million in 2015/16. The 2016/17 main budget decreases from R453.4 million to R418.5 million during the adjustment budget process when the funds for vacant posts are reallocated for the priorities of the department. Over the MTEF, the budget increases from R548.3 million to R629.6 million to cater for the cost of the revised organisational structure.

Expenditure on goods and services was R83.8 million in 2013/14. The amount of R69.6 million spent in 2014/15 includes R30 million for the Health Intervention project. The increase in the 2016/17 main budget from R98.7 million to R106.1 million during the adjustment budget process includes R5.3 million allocated for the provincial forensic assignments undertaken to improve transparency and accountability in the use of public resources. Over the MTEF, the department is funding various key projects including Probity Audit for the open tender system, Infrastructure Delivery Performance Management, Computable General Equilibrium Model, Forensic Audit Information Systems, fraud risk management tool, data analytics tool, P-Card software licenses, training on GRAP/ modified cash standards for departments and entities and the automation of annual financial statements of departments.

The department is still responsible for the Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency. Transfers made to the departmental agency over the MTEF period are as follows: R55.3 million in 2017/18, R58.5 million in 2018/19 and R61.9 million in 2019/20. The department introduced a transfer to the South African Diversity Council during 2016/17 adjustment period and over the 2017 MTEF to implement the supplier development and incubation programme that will contribute to the Township Economic Revitalisation programme in order to capacitate township suppliers to participate in government's procurement of goods and services.

The payment for capital assets mainly fund the provision of tools of trade for the officials to perform their functions efficiently and effectively. The resourcing is based on a structured IT equipment refresh process which is informed by the economic useful life of the various IT assets and warranties. The allocation over the MTEF period will be as follows: R1.6 million in 2017/18 and 2018/19 and R1.7 million in 2019/20.

6.4. Infrastructure payments

N/A

6.4.1. Departmental infrastructure payments

N/A

6.4.2. Maintenance

N/A

6.4.3. Non infrastructure items

N/A

6.4.4. Departmental Public-Private-Partnership (PPP) projects

The department does not have any PPP projects. The Provincial Treasury's oversight responsibilities for PPPs within the Province are housed under Sub-programme: Infrastructure Management (Element: PPP unit).

6.5. Transfers

6.5.1. Transfers to public entities

N/A

6.5.2. Transfers to other entities

TABLE 14.5:SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL TRANSFERS TO OTHER ENTITIES: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
GAUTENG INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING AGENCY	50 000	75 000	70 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940
Total departmental transfers	50 000	75 000	70 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940

Transfers to the Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency increase from R50 million in 2013/14 to R70 million in 2015/16. The main appropriation increases from R52.6 million to R102.6 million during the 2016/17 adjustment budget process to provide capital amount for the Project Preparation Facility that funds the costs of feasibility studies for infrastructure projects. Over the MTEF, the allocation for GIFA increases from R55.3 million to R61.9 million to ensure a sustainable pipeline of strategic infrastructure projects that are catalysts for socio-economic development in the province.

6.5.3. Transfers to local government

N/A

8. PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION

PROGRAMME 1: Administration

Programme description

The programme aims to provide effective leadership, management and administrative support to the Treasury's Programmes, Member of the Executive Council (MEC) and the Accounting Officer. This is done to carry out the mandate of the department.

Programme objectives

- To provide for the well-functioning of the Member of Executive Council for Finance to enable the MEC to provide political leadership and ensure alignment to the Ministerial Handbook.
- To render administrative leadership to the department. The programme is further sub-divided into Strategy Management, a function which manages and coordinates strategic planning, corporate performance, monitoring & evaluation of the department and also provides internal risk management services.
- Financial Management Services which house the Office of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) to ensure sound financial management in GPT, by ensuring, amongst things, budgets which align to the outcomes and priorities of the department and compliance with Supply Chain prescripts.
- Human Resources, Communications, Legal Services and Information, Communications and Technology (ICT) functions reside in this programme and their purpose is to ensure compliance to good governance principles by providing corporates support services to the department.

Key policies, priorities and outputs

Some of the key priorities for the Administration programme in the 2017/18 financial year are as follows:

- Management of the departmental vacancies to acceptable levels;
- Full implementation of the generic structure to ensure human capacity;
- Prudent management of financial resources resulting in an unqualified audit opinion on the Annual Financial Statements (AFS) and Pre-Determined Objectives (PDOs);
- Ensure compliance to the Management of Performance Assessment Tool (MPAT) standards and requirements;
- Ensure full compliance with legislation and other mandatory regulatory matters and prescripts; and
- Ensure timeous payments of service providers.

TABLE 14.6:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY SUB-PROGRAMME: ADMINISTRATION

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estima	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1. Office Of The MEC	7 033	6 471	5 840	8 270	8 270	7 740	7 288	7 696	8 141
2. Office Of The HOD	10 314	14 692	15 064	16 789	17 389	19 381	17 709	18 834	19 927
3. Corporate Management	41 855	52 534	59 682	70 936	70 774	71 561	77 865	84 001	88 870
4. Financial Management Services (CFO)	20 674	18 340	25 705	25 347	26 909	24 660	26 059	29 998	31 737
Total payments and estimates	79 876	92 037	106 291	121 342	123 342	123 342	128 921	140 529	148 675

TABLE 14.7: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ADMINISTRATION

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	77 006	88 524	100 590	120 100	120 035	119 697	126 286	137 878	145 873
Compensation of employees	44 926	62 021	68 642	78 862	78 797	79 776	91 902	99 254	105 007
Goods and services	32 080	26 503	31 948	41 238	41 238	39 921	34 384	38 624	40 866
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to:	75	1 499	214	238	303	326	1 000	1 015	1 074
Departmental agencies and accounts									
Households	75	1 499	214	238	303	326	1 000	1 015	1 074
Payments for capital assets	2 795	2 006	5 487	1 004	3 004	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728
Machinery and equipment	2 774	1 731	5 487	1 004	3 004	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728
Software and other intangible assets	21	275							
Payments for financial assets		8							
Total economic classification	79 876	92 037	106 291	121 342	123 342	123 342	128 921	140 529	148 675

The expenditure for Administration increased from R79.9 million in 2013/14 to R 106.3 million in 2015/16. The 2016/17 main budget increases from R121.3 million to R123.3 million during the adjustment budget process to procure new laptops and desktops for employees. Over the MTEF, the budget increases from R128.9 million in 2017/18 to R148.7 million in 2019/20.

The main costs drivers under goods and services are utilities, external audit, lease payments, communication and property payments. The department also has various projects earmarked and catered for under goods and services. These projects include the hosting of network servers externally, IT equipment refresh programme, Corporate Performance and Evaluation Information System and the establishment of the disaster recovery site.

Expenditure on compensation of employees increased from R44.9 million in 2013/14 financial year to R68.6 million in 2015/16 to fund the provision of human capacity in line with the growing department. The main budget decreases from R78.9 million to R78.8 million in 2016/17 due to the reallocation of funds for the vacant posts towards the priorities of the department. The budget increases from R91.9 million to R105 million over the MTEF to provide for the implementation of the revised organisational structure.

Expenditure on goods and services increased from R26.5 million in 2014/15 to R31.9 million in 2015/16. The higher expenditure included payments for operational requirements such as property payments, operating leases and staff training. The budget increases from R34.4 million in 2017/18 to R40.9 million over the MTEF to support the revised organisational structure.

Over the MTEF, spending for payments for capital assets is expected to stay at average allocation of R2 million per financial year. The estimated allocation being R2 million for 2017/18; 2018/19, 2019/20 financial years respectively.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME1: ADMINISTRATION

Performance Measures		Estimated Annual Targets	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Auditor-General's audit outcome for the department	Unqualified audit opinion with no other matters year	Unqualified audit opinion with no other matters	Unqualified audit opinion with no other matters
% of external audit recommendations tracked before next audit cycle	100%	100%	100%
% of supplier payments paid within 15 days after receipt of correct invoice	98%	98%	98%
% compliance with regulatory and legislated reporting requirements as per the compliance dashboard	100%	100%	100%
% implementation of the GPG Capacity Building and Support training plan	100%	100%	100%
Number of youth developed through partnerships with firms and professional bodies	50	100	150
Number of evaluations conducted	3	3	3

PROGRAMME 2: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Programme description

To ensure the effective and efficient administration of provincial and fiscal resources.

Programme objectives

- The Budget Management sub-programme develops and manages the implementation of policy frameworks relating
 to budget matters in the province and monitors spending in accordance to allocated budgets to ensure that limited
 financial resources are spent effectively and efficiently;
- The Economic and Fiscal Policy Oversight sub-programme provides socio-economic research and analysis and further ensures effective oversight over revenue collection in the province;
- Infrastructure Management sub-programme intends to enhance and monitor infrastructure performance of provincial departments, entities and municipalities as a means of monitoring the implementation of the Provincial Infrastructure Master Plan;
- The Financial Assets and Liabilities Management sub-programme promotes and enforces transparency and effective
 management of the financial asset portfolio of the province by ensuring prudent cash flow management processes and
 that the liquidity levels in the province are sustained. This sub-programme is also responsible for the management of
 the Provincial Revenue Fund; and
- The main objective of the Public Finance sub-programme is to monitor and report on financial and non-financial performance in provincial institutions.

Key policies, priorities and outputs

Some of the key priorities for the Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management programme in the 2017/18 financial year are as follows:

- Ensure measures are put in place to ensure attainment of the own revenue target as prescribed in the Provincial Revenue Enhancement Strategy;
- Explore partnerships that might enhance revenue generation in the province;
- Explore alternate funding solutions for infrastructure projects as aligned in the Provincial Infrastructure Master Plan;
- Reduction of spending on non-core budgetary items.

TABLE 14.8: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY SUB-PROGRAMME:SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	m-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1. Programme Support/Office Of The DDG	55 911	79 280	124 207	59 166	108 945	107 203	60 415	63 940	67 650
2. Budget Management	12 406	13 355	16 496	21 483	16 733	17 149	22 570	23 879	25 265
3. Economic And Fiscal Policy Oversight	8 058	9 382	10 074	12 058	11 068	11 807	13 651	14 443	15 281
4. Infrastructure Management	3 114	3 287	6 359	27 734	7 195	9 607	15 175	16 523	17 481
5. Financial Asset And Liabilities Management	16 962	18 836	8 664	12 040	9 540	9 840	12 425	12 223	12 931
6. Public Finance	12 677	15 280	17 241	17 164	21 164	19 039	17 514	20 193	21 365
Total payments and estimates	109 128	139 420	183 041	149 645	174 645	174 645	141 751	151 201	159 973

TABLE14.9: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estima	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	59 088	64 270	62 840	95 595	70 563	71 880	86 416	92 657	98 033
Compensation of employees	53 562	59 773	55 072	71 629	61 597	61 372	75 424	80 458	85 126
Goods and services	5 526	4 497	7 768	23 966	8 966	10 508	10 992	12 199	12 907
Transfers and subsidies to:	50 040	75 150	120 201	52 650	102 682	102 765	55 335	58 544	61 940
Departmental agencies and accounts	50 000	75 000	120 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940
Households	40	150	201		32	115			
Payments for capital assets				1 400	1 400				
Machinery and equipment				1 400	1 400				
Payments for financial assets							·		
Total economic classification	109 128	139 420	183 041	149 645	174 645	174 645	141 751	151 201	159 973

The expenditure for Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management increased from R109.1 million in 2013/14 to R183 million in 2015/16. The main budget increases from R149.6 million to R174.6 million during the adjustment budget process in 2016/17 to increase the capital amount required for the Project Preparation Facility within the Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency (GIFA). Over the MTEF period, the allocation is as follows; R141.7 million in the 2017/18 financial year, R151.2 million in the 2018/19 financial year and R159.9 million in the 2019/20 financial year. The MTEF expenditure provides mainly for the additional capacity required for the infrastructure management function.

Expenditure on compensation of employees increased from R53.6 million in 2013/14 to R59.8 million in 2014/15 financial year. It further increased from R55.1 million in the 2015/16 financial year to R71.6 million in the 2016/17 financial year. In the MTEF period the allocation is as follows; R75.4 million in the 2017/18 financial year, R80.5 million in the 2018/19 financial year and R85.1 million in the 2019/20 financial year. The increase in the budget is due to the additional human capital requirements under the infrastructure management unit. The growth in personnel represents the department's plans to implement the revised organisational structure.

Expenditure on goods and services amounted to R5.5 million in 2013/14. There was an decrease of R1.1 million in expenditure to R4.5 million in the 2014/15 financial year. Expenditure then increased to R7.8 million in the 2015/16 financial year. Over the MTEF period, the allocation is as follows: R11 million in the 2017/18 financial year, R12.2 million in the 2018/19 financial year and R12.9 million in the 2019/20 financial year. The main cost drivers under this programme are Computable General Equilibruim Model, Infrastructure Delivery Management System, as well as the printing of provincial budget and economic publications.

The transfer to be made to the Gauteng Infrastructure Funding Agency (GIFA) over the MTEF amounts to R55.3 million in 2017/18, R58.5 million in 2018/19 and R61.9 million in 2019/20.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 2: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Budget Management

Performance measures		Estimated Annual Targets Target	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Number of engagements conducted with GPG departments on the alignment of	14 MTEC sessions held and key MTEC resolutions prepared	14 MTEC sessions held and key MTEC resolutions prepared	14 MTEC sessions held and key MTEC resolutions prepared
budgets to the TMR programme	15 Budget Fora held	15 Budget Fora held	15 Budget Fora held
Number of engagements conducted with GPG departments on the alignment of	1 MTEF budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 MTEF budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 MTEF budget that resources the TMR tabled
budgets to the TMR programme	1 Adjustment budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 Adjustment budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 Adjustment budget that resources the TMR tabled
% variance between projections and actuals	Actual payment transfers should not exceed the quarterly projections by 7%	Actual payment transfers should not exceed the quarterly projections by 5%	Actual payment transfers should not exceed the quarterly projections by 5%
	Actual expenditure on CoE should not exceed the quarterly projections by 7%	Actual expenditure on CoE should not exceed the quarterly projections by 5%	Actual expenditure on CoE should not exceed the quarterly projections by5%
Number of budgets tabled according to the prescribed timeframes	1 MTEF budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 MTEF budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 MTEF budget that resources the TMR tabled
	1 Adjustment budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 Adjustment budget that resources the TMR tabled	1 Adjustment budget that resources the TMR tabled

Economic and Fiscal Policy Oversight

Performance measures		Estimated Annual Targets Targe	t
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Average % increase in own revenue collection	8%	8%	% increase according to CPI
Tabling of SERO according to the prescribed timeframes	SERO tabled	SERO tabled	SERO tabled
Tabling of MTBPS at Legislature according to the prescribed timeframes	MTBPS tabled	MTBPS tabled	MTBPS tabled

Infrastructure Management

Performance measures	Estimated Annual Targets Target							
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20					
Number of infrastructure budgets tabled according to the prescribed	2	2	2					
timeframes								
% spent on infrastructure allocation	98%	98%	98%					

Financial Assets and Liabilities Management

Performance measures		Estimated Annual Targets Target	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
AG Audit outcomes for the Provincial Revenue Fund	Unqualified audit opinion with no other matters	Unqualified audit opinion with no other matters	Unqualified audit opinion with no other matters
Cash-outflows for departments within the provincial revenue streams	Disbursement to departments do not exceed appropriated funds	Disbursement to departments do not exceed appropriated funds	Disbursement to departments do not exceed appropriated funds
Number of departments with ring-fenced funds for compensation of employees, conditional grants, critical services, municipalities and infrastructure (provincial equitable share)	All departments	All departments	All departments

Public Finance

Performance measures	Esi	timated Annual Targets Target	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Number of budget bilaterals conducted	1	1	1
Number of annual budget assessments for identified key programmes / departments conducted	4	5	6
% of GPG wage bill against budget	60%	60%	60%
% spent on conditional grants allocation	98%	98%	98%

PROGRAMME 3: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

Programme description

To promote accountability through substantive reflection of financial activities as well as compliance with financial norms and standards in PFMA compliant institutions.

Programme objectives

- The Provincial Accounting Services sub-programme enforces the effective implementation of accounting practices and also prepares accurate consolidated financial statements by focusing on, amongst others; financial accounting matters, asset management, banking and issues related to statutory deductions;
- The main focus for the Provincial Forensic Audit sub-programme is the provision of forensic audit services in the
- The Transversal Internal Audit and Risk Management sub-programme provides risk management support services to provincial institutions and plays an oversight role on internal audit function;
- The Compliance sub-programme monitors and enforces compliance with the PFMA and other regulatory prescripts by provincial institutions; and
- The Financial Information Management Systems sub-programme provides oversight and oversees the management of transversal financial systems in the province.

Key policies, priorities and outputs

Some of the key priorities for the Financial Governance programme in the 2017/18 financial year are as follows:

- Maintenance and achievement of unqualified audit outcomes for provincial departments and public entities;
- Management of the contractual partnership with the Provincial Banker;
- Introduction of Business Intelligence tools to modernize processes and improve data integrity; and
- Implementation of the Forensic Services strategy in order to eradicate fraud and corruption in the province.

TABLE14.10:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY SUB-PROGRAMME: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1. Programme Support/Office Of The DDG	28 986	32 613	15 294	4 315	3 564	4 076	3 948	4 432	4 687
2. Provincial Accounting Services	30 896	30 992	43 019	53 597	49 202	47 126	54 233	58 333	61 717
3. Provincial Forensic Audits	14 341	14 848	19 215	23 171	26 671	27 356	25 312	28 123	29 753
4. Transversal Internal Audit and Risk Management	10 377	11 822	14 030	16 797	16 797	16 034	17 759	19 523	20 653
5. Norms And Standards	6 075	12 564	14 240	6 948	9 956	9 923	3 959	5 213	5 516
6. Financial Information Management Systems	11 101	6 970	20 880	23 200	26 346	27 351	40 374	39 900	42 215
Total payments and estimates	101 776	109 809	126 678	128 028	132 536	131 866	145 585	155 523	164 541

TABLE 14.10:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main Adjusted Revised appropriation appropriation estimate			Mediu	ım-term estima	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	99 974	108 469	126 573	128 028	132 366	131 677	145 585	155 523	164 541
Compensation of employees	63 907	73 959	107 726	116 097	115 085	114 557	129 892	140 280	148 416
Goods and services	36 067	34 510	18 847	11 931	17 281	17 120	15 693	15 243	16 125
Transfers and subsidies to:	879	112	105		170	189			
Departmental agencies and accounts									
Households	879	112	105		170	189			
Payments for capital assets	923	1 228							
Machinery and equipment	783	1 228							
Software and other intangible assets	140								
Payments for financial assets									
Total economic classification	101 776	109 809	126 678	128 028	132 536	131 866	145 585	155 523	164 541

The expenditure for Financial Governance increases from R 101.8 million in 2013/14 financial year to R109.8 million in the 2014/15 and R126.7 million in the 2015/16 financial year. In 2016/17 financial the budget allocation is R128 million. Over the MTEF period, the allocation is R145.5 million in 2017/18, R155.5 million in 2018/19 and R164.5 million in 2019/20.

The increase will fund various projects that support the modernisation of the public service for effective service delivery,

i.e. Forensic Lab establishment, forensic audit information system, Fraud risk management tool, P-Card software licenses, training on GRAP/ modified cash standards, automated compilation of annual financial statements of departments and entities and the deployment of the SAP project system.

Expenditure on compensation of employees increases from R63.9 million in 2013/14 to R73.9 million in 2014/15 and R107.7 million in 2015/16. The budget increases from R129.9 million in 2017/18 to R148.4 million in 2019/20. The increases in compensation of employees over the MTEF is due to inflationary adjustments.

Goods and services was at R36 million in 2013/14 and it decreased to R34.5 million in 2014/15 and to R18.8 million in 2015/16. The significant decrease is due to the Health Intervention project (R70 million) that was concluded in 2014/15. The 2016/17 main budget increases from R11.9 million to R17.3 million during the adjustment budget due to R5.3 million allocated for the provincial forensic assignments undertaken to improve transparency and accountability in the use of public resources. The allocation for the MTEF period increases from R15.7 million in 2017/18 to R16.1 million in 2019/20. Spending focus over MTEF will be on various project listed above.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 3: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

Provincial Accounting Services

Performance measures		Estimated Annual Targets	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
% of audit recommendations tracked at public entities before the next audit cycle (issues relating to the AFS only)	100%	100%	100%
Number of reports produced on the monitoring of the implementation of 90% compliance of 30 days payments in three departments (Health, Education and Infrastructure Development)	4	4	4

Provincial Forensics Audits

Performance Indicators		Medium-Term Targets	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
% of planned fraud detection reviews conducted	100%	100%	100%

Transversal Internal Audit and Risk Management

Performance Indicators		Medium-Term Targets	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Updated risk profiles for departments and development of risk profiles for municipalities	Update risk profiles for all departments and by 31 March 2018	Update risk profiles for all departments and entities by 31 March 2019	Update risk profiles for all departments and entities by 31 March 2020
	Develop risk profiles for 2 municipalities by 30 June 2018	Develop risk profile for all delegated municipalities by 30 June 2019	Develop risk profile for all delegated municipalities by 30 June 2020

PROGRAMME 4: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Programme description

To promote and enforce transparency and effective Supply Chain Management in the province.

Programme objective

- The Supply Chain Management Norms and Standards, Governance, Compliance, Monitoring & Evaluation functions
 oversees the establishment of uniform SCM policy, norms & standards and ensures monitoring and reporting on SCM
 matters;
- The Client Support function promotes, supports and develops capacity through institutional, organisational, individual and stakeholder development;
- The Transversal Contract Management sub-programme establishes SCM transversal contract management mechanisms in the Province; and
- Strategic Procurement establishes SCM strategic procurement mechanisms in support and in alignment to the Township Economic Revitilisation strategy.

Key policies, priorities and outputs

Some of the key priorities for the Provincial Supply Chain Management programme in the 2017/18 financial year are as follows:

- Increase the number of open tender projects from 60% to 80% of government procurement. Establishing frameworks, guidelines and norms and standards in departments to ensure consistency and uniformity in applying open tender principles and also promoting good governance and transparency.
- There shall be a state of the art procurement hub where all tenders will be evaluated and adjudicated. As a minimum, the hub will be fitted with electronic devices such as voice recordings and video cameras to record all the proceedings during briefing sessions, closing of bids, evaluation and adjudication of bids. This is a project that will be delivered through the Kopanong Precinct. GPT and GIFA are working together to ensure the completion and delivery of the project. The HUB is planned to be complete in 2018/19.
- Development of township suppliers is critical in ensuring that township suppliers are ready to provide consistent goods and services into the Government supply chain at the required scale. A thorough knowledge of the supply side capacity is essential, an assessment and verification of supplier profile will provide a clear indication of interventions needed. Further, developing township suppliers will facilitate greater participation in government procurement and ensures attainment of the growth targets as set out in the NDP.
- There are township spend targets that have been set for the corridors to achieve, however not all corridors were able to achieve targets and these are Southern and Western corridors. Interventions aimed at improving spend are in place and these are: - analysis of demand by government institution, matching suppliers to the demand to create business opportunities and development of suppliers.
- All pillars of TER strategy implemented and delivery of identified programmes.

TABLE14.11:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY SUB-PROGRAMME:PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1. Programme Support/Office Of The DDG	2 347	3 159	6 461	20 047	28 047	26 649	28 260	29 657	40 935
2. SCM Policy, Norms And Standards				10 000	6 100	5 043	14 232	15 143	19 358
3. Governance, Compliance, Monitoring And Evaluation				4 836	4 836				
4. SCM Client Support				31 025	31 025	37 465	34 335	37 126	39 279
5. Strategic Procurement				7 868	7 868	11 205	17 138	19 235	20 350
6. Transversal Contract Management				17 761	17 761	13 878	28 649	29 731	12 198
7. Movable Asset Management									
8. Procurement Services	55 964	56 041	46 999						
Total payments and estimates	58 311	59 200	53 460	91 537	95 637	94 240	122 614	130 891	132 120

TABLE14.12:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	58 228	59 058	53 399	91 537	86 317	84 879	112 614	120 891	132 120
Compensation of employees	56 132	57 798	49 796	77 013	63 793	62 432	92 511	99 912	100 367
Goods and services	2 096	1 260	3 603	14 524	22 524	22 447	20 103	20 979	31 753
Transfers and subsidies to:	79	9	61		9 320	9 361	10 000	10 000	
Departmental agencies and accounts									
Non-profit institutions					8 955	8 955	10 000	10 000	
Households	79	9	61		365	406			
Payments for capital assets		17							
Software and other intangible assets		17							
Payments for financial assets	4	116							
Total economic classification	58 311	59 200	53 460	91 537	95 637	94 240	122 614	130 891	132 120

The expenditure was R58.3 million in the 2013/14 financial year and it increased to R59.2 million in 2014/15. In the 2015/16 financial year, there was decrease in the budget to R53.5 million. The allocation over the MTEF is as follows: R122.6 million in the 2017/18 financial year, R130.9 million in 2018/19 financial and R132.1 million in 2019/20. The main contributor to the increase in the budget is the personnel to be added in the areas of SCM policy, norms and standards, governance, SCM compliance monitoring and evaluation and the procurement of services for facilitation of the open tender process,

procurement hub and supplier development to support township revitalization.

Expenditure on compensation of employees was R56.1 million in 2013/14 and it increased to R57.8 million in the 2014/15 financial year. The expenditure decreases to R49.8 million in the 2015/16 financial year. The main budget decreases from R77 million to R63.8 million during the adjustment budget process in 2016/17 due to the reallocation of unspent funds for vacant posts to other priorities of the department. The allocation over the MTEF is as follows: R92.5 million in 2017/18, R99.9 million in 2018/19 financial year and R100.4 million in 2019/20.

The goods and services expenditure was R2.1 million in 2013/14 and R1.3 million in 2014/15. The expenditure in the 2015/16 financial year was R3.6 million and it increased to R14.5 million in 2016/17. The allocation over the MTEF is as follows: R20.1 million for the 2017/18 financial year, R21 million in 2018/19 and R31.7 million in 2019/20. The spending focus will be on services procured to facilitate the open tender process and procurement hub.

The transfers to be made to the South African Supplier Development Council (SASDC), which commenced during the 2016/17 financial year, will end in the 2018/19 financial year. The aim of the transfer is to support the township economic revitalization programme of the province through improving the capability of township businesses to participate in the government procurement of goods and services.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 4: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Provincial Supply Chain Management

Performance measures		Estimated Annual Targets		
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Number of departments, local municipalities & public entities implementing the open tender process	14 departments, 5 entities and 3 local municipalities	14 departments, 7 entities and 5 local municipalities	14 departments, all entities and 7 local municipalities	
Number of registered suppliers undergoing targeted supplier development	1 060	1 410	1 500	
Number of departments implementing the strategic sourcing strategy	2	Remaining departments and entities	Impact assessment of TER strategy implementation	
% spend in procurement on registered Township suppliers	28%	40%	40%	
% increase in procurement spend on township suppliers in the 5	Central – 39%	Central – 39%	Central – 39%	
developmental corridors	Northern – 27%	Northern – 27%	Northern – 27%	
	Eastern – 25%	Eastern – 25%	Eastern – 25%	
	Southern – 6%	Southern – 6%	Southern – 6%	
	Western – 3%	Western – 3%	Western – 3%	

PROGRAMME 5: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

Programme description

The programme monitors the effective, efficient, sustainable financial management and financial reporting of all municipal fiscal resources for municipalities and municipal entities and it coordinates the provisioning of capacity building. The Municipal Financial Governance Programme is divided into various sub-programmes that enables it to attain its set strategic objectives, deliverable and targets.

Programme objective

- The Local Government Financial Services sub-programme ensures optimal and sustainable budget management process in delegated local municipalities and further monitors the effective and efficient compliance with financial assets and liabilities management.
- The Municipal Accounting and Asset Management sub-programme monitors compliance with financial management and annual reporting framework and further promotes the understanding and implementation of accounting standards (GRAP), as well as the reviewing and reporting on the quality of Annual Financial Statements.
- Municipal Compliance and Financial Management Support sub-programme coordinates, monitors and reports on MFMA implementation and enforces compliance with the MFMA and other regulatory prescripts by local municipalities.

Key policies, priorities and outputs

Some of the key priorities for the Municipal Financial Governance programme in the 2017/18 financial year are as follows:

- Monitor and provide technical financial management reviews on the implementation of municipal budgets;
- Guide and advice municipalities on effective rollout and preservation management of all local government service delivery resources;
- Provide guidance and support to ensure that all municipal fiscal planning and budgets are funded, credible and

- aligned to the TMR through benchmark engagements;
- Guide and support the merger process through the Finance and ICT Sub-stream towards assisting in the creation of a functional RandWest City municipality;
- Strengthen and optimize municipal revenue management value chain through technical and targeted support within the statutory framework;
- Strengthen intergovernmental fiscal relations, through Municipal Finance IGR structures within the MFMA prescripts and build collaboration and capacity with all key stakeholders involved in local government level matters.

TABLE14.13:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY SUB PROGRAMME:MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	m-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1. Programme Support/Office Of The DDG	27 526	28 525	29 995	5 374	37 853	37 853	11 285	11 682	12 359
2. Local Government Financial Services				12 305			13 243	11 471	12 136
3. Municipal Accounting And Asset Management				12 249			12 127	12 830	13 574
4. Municipal Compliance And Financial Management Support				6 375			24 729	29 393	35 468
Total payments and estimates	27 526	28 525	29 995	36 303	37 853	37 853	61 384	65 376	73 537

TABLE 14.14:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	27 526	28 387	29 971	36 303	37 803	37 812	61 384	65 376	73 537
Compensation of employees	20 061	27 681	28 847	35 130	31 080	29 807	54 409	58 760	66 537
Goods and services	7 465	706	1 124	1 173	6 723	8 005	6 974	6 616	7 000
Transfers and subsidies to:		138	24		50	41			
Non-profit institutions									
Households		138	24		50	41			
Payments for capital assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets									
Total economic classification	27 526	28 525	29 995	36 303	37 853	37 853	61 384	65 376	73 537

The spending for the programme increases from R27.5 million in 2013/14 to R30 million in 2015/16. The budget for the 2016/17 financial year is R36.3 million. The budget over the MTEF is R61.4 million in 2017/18 and R65.4 million in 2018/19 and R73.5 million in 2019/20.

The expenditure on compensation of employees was R20.1 million in 2013/14 and it increased to R28.8 million in 2015/16. The increase in spending between 2013/14 to 2014/15 was mainly to fund the Municipal Advisor Programme for hands-on financial management support in municipalities.

The personnel budget over the MTEF period is as follows: R54.4 million in the 2017/18 financial year, R58.8 million in the 2018/19 financial year and R66.5 million in 2019/20. The increase is due to inflationary adjustment (Annual cost of living adjustment, notch progression and performance bonus) and the additional capacity under Municipal Compliance and Financial Management Support.

The goods and services expenditure was R7.5 million in the 2013/14 financial year. The expenditure at R706 000 was lower in 2014/15 because the various interventions in municipalities had been concluded in 2013/14. The expenditure increased to R1.1 million in 2015/16. The main budget increased to R6.7 million during the adjustment budget process in 2016/17 to fund the data cleansing project which assists with the detention of unconfirmed government properties and the verification of accounts information to assist with the reduction of municipal debt. The allocation for goods and services for the programme over the MTEF is as follows: R7 million in the 2017/18 financial year, R6.6 million in the 2018/19 financial year and R7 million in the 2019/20 financial year.

The main cost drivers are printing of gazettes, travel expenditure to municipalities, software licenses and training and development for municipalities. The programme will also embark on a new project that will help municipalities to improve and promote sound financial governance, financial management and administration to optimise revenue, improve municipal audit outcomes and address the institutional challenges.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 5: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

Local Government Financial Services

Performance Indicators	Medium-Term Targets		
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Number of municipal budget assessments conducted	16	16	16
Number of municipal SDBIP assessments conducted	8	8	8
% reduction of confirmed provincial government debt that is over 90 days	40%	50%	70%
% spent on provincial transfers to municipalities	75%	85%	90%
Number of municipal fiscal responsiveness assessments conducted	32	32	32

Municipal Accounting and Assets Management

Performance Indicators		Medium-Term Targets	
1 oriormanoo maraatara	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
% of audit recommendations tracked at local municipalities	100%	100%	100%

PROGRAME 6: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

Programme description

To enhance transparency, good governance and a clean government through strengthening the internal control and regulatory environment in the province and to render audit services in the GPG.

Programme objective

- The Risk and Compliance Audit Services sub-programme manages and ensures performance of risk and compliance audits for the GPG; and
- Performance and Computer Audit Services sub-programme manages and conducts performance and computer audits for GPG departments.

Key policies, priorities and outputs

The key priorities for the Gauteng Audit Services programme in the 2017/18 financial year are:

- Conduct audit services that will ensure improvement on audit outcomes for GPG departments and public entities; and
- Implementation of the Combined Assurance Model.

TABLE 14.15:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	ım-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
1. Programme Support/Office Of The DDG	1 910	3 768	3 249	7 981	11 261	11 128	10 563	12 009	12 706
2. Risk And Compliance Audit Services(Cluster1,2,3)	15 136	14 194	13 002	25 378	21 598	21 151	37 139	38 428	40 657
3. Risk And Compliance Audit Services(Cluster 4,5,6)	16 569	17 824	20 635	25 487	25 487	25 430	37 090	45 513	48 153
4. Performance And Computer Audit Services	14 204	12 913	15 156	21 693	18 921	18 910	27 587	25 042	32 708
5. Audit Centre Of Excellence	4 886	4 499	3 682						
6. Financial Audit And Risk Compliance					272	271			
Total payments and estimates	52 705	53 198	55 724	80 539	77 539	76 890	112 379	120 992	134 224

TABLE 14.16:SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	um-term estima	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	52 659	53 151	55 670	80 539	77 524	76 875	112 379	120 992	134 224
Compensation of employees	52 039	50 994	54 263	74 630	68 115	67 595	104 180	111 498	124 178
Goods and services	620	2 157	1 407	5 909	9 409	9 280	8 199	9 494	10 046
Transfers and subsidies to:	46	36	54		15	15			
Departmental agencies and accounts									
Non-profit institutions									
Households	46	36	54		15	15			

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estima	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Payments for capital assets		11							
Machinery and equipment		11							
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets									
Total economic classification	52 705	53 198	55 724	80 539	77 539	76 890	112 379	120 992	134 22

The expenditure for Gauteng Audit Services (GAS) increased from R52.7 million in 2013/14 to R55.7 million in 2015/16. The 2016/17 main budget reduces from R80.5 million to R77.5 million during the adjustment budget process due to the reallocation of funds from compensation of employees to goods and services to fund the outsourcing of specialized audit services to eliminate backlogs in the project of addressing the recommendations of the Auditor-General regarding annual audit. The budget increases from R112.4 million in 2017/18 to R134.2 million in 2019/20.

More than 90 percent of the GAS budget is allocated in compensation of employees. Due to the scarce skills in the audit industry in general, priority has been directed toward ensuring adequate capacity for the Programme in order to execute its provincial obligations that contribute towards the achievement of clean audits in the province.

The expenditure on compensation of employees increased from R52 million in 2013/14 to R54.3 million in 2015/16. The main budget decreases from R74.6 million to R68.1 million during the 2016/17 adjustment budget process to fund the abovementioned prioritized project of the programme. Over the MTEF, the budget increases from R104.2 million in 2017/18 to R124.2 million in 2019/20 given that the programme is actively recruiting in the audit market and adopting various strategies to attract and retain audit talent.

Funds for goods and services provide mainly for specialised audits which are not resident internally, necessitating the augmentation of this gap by the use of consultants to assist with the execution of these specialised audits. Expenditure on goods and services increases from R620 000 in 2013/14 to R9.3 million in 2016/17. The budget is set to increase from R8.2 million to R10 million over the MTEF to fund the requirements of specialised audits (Performance Audits and Risk & Compliance Audits) in order to enhance transparency, good governance and a clean government through strengthening the internal control and regulatory environment in the province.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAME 6: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

Performance measures		Estimated Annual targets	
	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
% implementation of Internal Audit Plans	90%	90%	90%
% of internal audit recommendations tracked by depts. and	90%	90%	95%
trading entities			
% of AG significant findings (Findings causing audit qualification)	100%	100%	100%
followed-up by Internal Audit			

9. OTHER PROGRAMME INFORMATION

9.1. Personnel numbers and costs

TABLE 14.17: PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS BY PROGRAMME

Personnel numbers	As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2020
1. Administration	175	226	192	211	214	230	268
2. Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management	72	80	86	89	91	94	95
3. Financial Governance	101	258	233	227	253	268	275
4. Provincial Supply Chain Management			136	126	144	147	155
5. Municipal Financial Governance			51	46	55	57	79
6. Gauteng Audit Services	135	103	98	116	132	134	174

Personnel numbers	As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2018	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 March 2020
Direct charges							
Total provincial personnel numbers	483	667	796	815	889	930	1 046
Total provincial personnel cost (R thousand)	290 627	332 226	364 346	415 539	548 316	590 162	629 631
Unit cost (R thousand)	602	498	458	510	617	635	602

The personnel numbers for the department indicate the department's dedication to align with the generic structure for treasuries. Personnel numbers increase from 796 in March 2016 to 889 in March 2018. Personnel numbers are set to increase to 1 046 in March 2020 in line with full implementation of the new organisational structure.

PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS

TABLE14.18:SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS BY COMPONENT

			Actual	al				Revised	Revised estimate			Мес	Medium-term expenditure estimate	nditure estim	ate		Average an	Average annual growth over MTEF	h over
	2013/14	14	2014/15	15	2015/16	91		201	2016/17		2017/18	18	2018/19	19	2019/20	0.	2016/	2016/17 - 2019/20	
R thousands	Personnel numbers¹	Costs	Personnel numbers¹	Costs	Personnel numbers ¹	Costs	Filled	Additional posts	Personnel numbers¹	Costs	Personnel numbers¹	Costs	Personnel numbers¹	Costs	Personnel numbers¹	Costs	Personnel growth rate	Costs growth rate	% Costs of Total
Salary level																			
1-6	70	17 197	148	21 824	172	35 543	32	29	102	19 036	122	23 624	135	25 368	171	26 708	18,8%	11,9%	4,3%
7 – 10	252	62 168	324	78 913	394	181 888	479		479	207 271	510	265 698	545	288 686	262	307 136	7,5%	14,0%	49,1%
11 – 12	66	12 533	128	61 138	126	76 417	152		152	104 885	162	135 482	159	151 564	175	162 739	4,8%	15,8%	25,6%
13 – 16	62	45 062	29	53 701	104	93 800	85		82	84 347	92	121 297	87	122 976	100	131 278	%8,9	15,9%	20,7%
Other						3 644					က	2 216	4	1 568	5	1770			0,2%
Total	483	136 960	299	215 576	962	391 292	748	29	815	415 539	889	548 316	930	590 162	1 046	629 631	8,7%	14,9%	100,0%
Programme																			
1. Administration	175	44 926	226	62 021	192	68 642	4	29	211	977 62	214	91 903	230	99 253	268	105 007	8,3%	%9'6	17,4%
 Sustainable Fiscal Resource Management 	72	53 562	80	59 773	98	55 072	88		88	61 372	91	75 424	94	80 458	92	85 126	2,2%	11,5%	13,9%
3. Financial Governance	101	63 907	258	73 959	233	107 726	227		227	114 557	253	129 892	268	140 280	275	148 416	%9'9	%0'6	24,7%
4. Provincial Supply Chain Management		56 132		57 798	136	49 796	126		126	62 432	144	92 511	147	99 912	155	100 367	7,1%	17,1%	16,1%
5. Municipal Financial Governance		20 061		27 681	51	28 847	46		46	29 807	55	54 407	57	28 760	62	66 537	19,8%	30,7%	6,5%
6. Gauteng Audit Services	135	52 039	103	50 994	86	54 263	116		116	67 595	132	104 180	134	111 498	174	124 178	14,5%	22,5%	18,5%
Total	483	290 627	299	332 226	962	364 346	748	29	815	415 539	889	548 316	930	590 162	1 046	629 631	8,7%	14,9%	100,0%

The total departmental personnel costs increase from R290.6 million in 2013/14 to R629.6 million in 2019/20 in respect of personnel headcount that increases from 483 to 1 046 during the same period. The implementation of the new organisational structure informs this trend. This significant growth in personnel ensures that the department continues to provide oversight and technical support to GPG departments.

TABLE 14.19:INFORMATION ON TRAINING: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estim	nates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Number of staff	483	667	796	815	815	815	889	930	1 046
Number of personnel trained	366	350	450	500	500	500	525	555	586
of which									
Male	148	140	160	180	180	180	189	200	211
Female	218	210	290	320	320	320	336	355	375
Number of training opportunities	333	490	600	710	710	710	746	789	833
of which									
Tertiary	150	250	300	350	350	350	368	389	411
Workshops	153	200	250	300	300	300	315	333	352
Seminars	30	40	50	60	60	60	63	67	70
Other									
Number of bursaries offered	150	173	200	200	200	200	210	222	235
Number of interns appointed	26	35	40	45	45	45	42	42	44
Number of learnerships appointed	18	18	20	25	25	25	30	30	30
Number of days spent on training									
Payments on training by programme									
1. Administration	3 199	1 337	1 711	2 293	2 293	2 999	1 088	1 663	1 760
2.Sustainable Fiscal Resource									
Management	268	525	364	451	451	370	522 1	553	585
3. Financial Governance	3 776	1 399	1 885	1 867	2 117	2 234	953	1 241	1 313
4. Provincial Supply Chain Management		495	929	1 303	1 303	1 821	1 368	1 448	1 532
5. Municipal Financial Governance	167					188			
6. Gauteng Audit Services				729	729	859	775	820	867
Total payments on training	7 410	3 756	4 889	6 643	6 893	8 471	5 706	5 725	6 057

The transformation of GPT requires a continuous and an uncompromising acquisition of the required skills. A lifelong learning is a vital mind set for a learning organisation that needs to thrive in the 21st Century moreover with essential response to the service requests of the people of Gauteng. The department recognizes that it's most important asset is its employees, and this asset will need to be managed to ensure the continued success of the department.

The department will achieve this through the implementation of meaningful skills programs, internships, learnership and SAIPA programs. To maintain the productivity, well-being and motivation of employees within the rapidly changing environment, GPT must underpin these changes with adequate, appropriate and supportive development and training opportunities.

Training interventions will focus on improving the generic and functional skills of employees, which includes seminars and workshops. All training interventions will be in line with the approved Workplace Skills Plan, as well as the individual Personal Development Plans (PDPs) which form part of the performance management and development system.

The department is continuously committed to addressing skills shortages and scares skills, and aims to appoint at least 8 per cent of the staff establishment as interns, work intergrated learning and SAIPA each financial year. This exceeds the mandated 5 per cent. In implementing the above-mentioned programmes, the department is contributing towards halving poverty, creating jobs, youth development and ultimately addressing skills shortages in the country. Interns and learners are appointed additional to the staff establishment, and must therefore be budgeted for.

ANNEXURE TO THE ESTIMATES OF PROVINCIAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

TABLE 14.20: SPECIFICATION OF RECEIPTS: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediu	m-term estim	ates	
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Tax receipts										
Casino taxes										
Motor vehicle licences										
Sales of goods and services	005	202		4.000	4.000	200	4.050	4 444	4 470	
other than capital assets Sale of goods and services	235	323	555	1 000	1 000	986	1 050	1 111	1 173	
produced by department (excluding capital assets)	235	323	555	1 000	1 000	986	1 050	1 111	1 173	
Sales by market establishments	235	323	555	1 000	1 000	986	1 050	1 111	1 173	
Administrative fees										
Other sales										
Of which										
Health patient fees										
Sales of scrap, waste, arms and other used current goods (excluding capital assets)										
Transfers received from:						10				
Other governmental units										
Higher education institutions										
Foreign governments										
International organisations Public corporations and private enterprises						10				
Households and non-profit institutions										
Fines, penalties and forfeits										
Interest, dividends and rent on land	247 283	481 453	622 676	150 000	480 000	575 138	300 000	350 000	369 600	
Interest	247 283	481 453	622 676	150 000	480 000	575 138	300 000	350 000	369 600	
Dividends										
Rent on land										
										-
Sales of capital assets			214							
Land and sub-soil assets										
Other capital assets										
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities	375	490	451	415	400	395	450	500	528	
Total departmental receipts	247 893	482 266	623 896	151 415	481 400	576 529	301 500	351 611	371 301	

TABLE 14.21:PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: GAUTENG PROVINCIAL TREASURY

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	374 481	401 859	429 044	552 102	524 608	522 820	644 662	693 318	748 328
Compensation of employees	290 627	332 226	364 347	453 361	418 467	415 539	548 316	590 162	629 631
Salaries and wages	232 115	295 256	319 920	385 698	355 716	365 735	477 621	513 341	546 412
Social contributions	58 512	36 970	44 427	67 663	62 751	49 804	70 695	76 821	83 219
Goods and services	83 854	69 633	64 697	98 741	106 141	107 281	96 345	103 156	118 697
Administrative fees	281	61	84	277	299	295	114	129	136
Advertising	2 719	2 855	3 130	1 916	4 836	3 543	1 951	2 064	2 185
Minor assets	197	85	558	232	164	83	244	258	273

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Mediur	n-term estima	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16			2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Audit cost: External	2 164	2 879	3 213	4 525	4 525	3 071	5 323	5 547	5 869
Bursaries: Employees	1 217	1 218	1 761	1 535	1 535	2 939	2 545	2 692	2 848
Catering: Departmental	4.004	07:		241	0.45	224	600	700	0/0
activities	1 624	374	410	811	848	901	836	796	843
Communication (G&S)	1 835	1 999	3 139	4 699	4 052	3 903	3 401	3 538	3 743
Computer services Consultants and professional	3 445	2 535	5 978	7 633	9 453	9 559	12 081	12 565	13 293
services: Business and advisory									
services	39 293	35 008	21 045	43 053	38 999	39 941	42 315	44 105	56 221
Legal services	917	660	555	27	6 087	6 346	893	979	1 036
Contractors	5 599	1 306	1 008	2 361	2 076	552	491	1 366	1 445
Agency and support / outsourced services	58								
Entertainment									
Fleet services (including government motor transport)	1 452	668	751		349	411	560	590	624
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas	1 702	300	701	38	040	711	500	550	V <u>-</u> T
Consumable supplies	801	343	508	598	599	470	373	609	644
Consumable: Stationery,	001	343	500	598	วยช	4/0	313	009	044
printing and office supplies	1 735	2 063	3 417	2 124	3 151	4 048	2 450	3 403	3 600
Operating leases	1 443	2 494	3 588	4 043	4 081	5 223	5 196	5 415	5 729
Property payments	4 291	7 924	6 191	9 575	6 928	7 303	5 020	5 624	5 950
Transport provided: Departmental activity									
Travel and subsistence	4 001	964	1 725	3 633	4 719	3 242	2 475	2 803	2 965
Training and development	7 410	3 756	5 308	6 643	6 893	8 471	5 706	5 725	6 057
Operating payments	1 923	1 638	1 626	2 463	2 383	2 276	2 366	2 669	2 827
Venues and facilities	1 449	803	702	2 555	4 164	4 704	2 005	2 278	2 409
Rental and hiring									
Interest and rent on land									
Interest									
Rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies	51 119	76 944	120 658	52 888	112 540	112 697	66 335	69 559	63 014
Provinces and municipalities									
Departmental agencies and accounts	50 000	75 000	120 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940
I г	30 000	75 000	120 000	32 030	102 030	102 030	00 000	30 344	01 940
Social security funds Provide list of entities receiving									
transfers	50 000	75 000	120 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940
Non-profit institutions					8 955	8 955	10 000	10 000	
Households	1 119	1 944	658	238	935	1 092	1 000	1 015	1 074
Social benefits	1 119	1 944	612		697	854			
Other transfers to households			46	238	238	238	1 000	1 015	1 074
Payments for capital assets	3 718	3 262	5 487	2 404	4 404	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728
Machinery and equipment	3 557	2 970	5 487	2 404	4 404	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728
Transport equipment									
Other machinery and equipment	3 557	2 970	5 487	2 404	4 404	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728
Software and other intangible assets	161	292							
	,								
Payments for financial assets	4	124							
Total economic classification	429 322	/82 400	EEE 400	607 394	6/4 EE9	638 035	710 600	764 642	812 070
Total economic classification	429 322	482 189	555 189	607 394	641 552	638 836	712 632	764 513	813 070

TABLE 14.22: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ADMINISTRATION

		Outcome		Main	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
Rthousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Current payments	77 006	88 524	100 590	120 100	120 035	119 697	126 286	137 878	145 873	
Compensation of employees	44 926	62 021	68 642	78 862	78 797	79 776	91 902	99 254	105 007	
Salaries and wages	35 941	54 809	60 350	63 680	63 615	70 769	79 673	86 243	91 242	
Social contributions	8 985	7 212	8 292	15 182	15 182	9 007	12 229	13 011	13 765	
Goods and services	32 080	26 503	31 948	41 238	41 238	39 921	34 384	38 624	40 866	
Administrative fees	116	46	73	261	277	261	96	110	117	
Advertising	1 284	2 114	1 347	1 067	1 018	1 412	1 108	1 172	1 240	
Minor assets	195	67	558	232	164	83	244	258	273	
Audit cost: External	1 082	1 738	2 209	3 116	3 116	1 948	3 841	3 979	4 210	
Bursaries: Employees	1 217	1 218	1 761	1 535	1 535	2 939	2 545	2 692	2 848	
Catering: Departmental activities	1 580	170	218	264	256	234	219	240	255	
Communication (G&S)	1 835	1 999	3 139	4 699	4 052	3 903	3 401	3 538	3 743	
Computer services	283	1 802	3 854	3 896	4 885	4 885	4 833	5 031	5 322	
Consultants and professional	200	1 002	3 034	3 030	4 000	4 000	4 000	3 03 1	3 322	
ervices: Business and advisory										
ervices	1 302	723	393	1 738	2 338	1 304	1 044	1 415	1 497	
egal services		67	555	27	1 587	1 079	893	979	1 036	
Contractors	5 597	1 298	940	2 361	2 050	526	491	1 366	1 445	
Igency and support / outsourced	3 331	1 230	340	ا ۱۵ ک	۷۵0 ک	320	1 31	1 300	1 440	
ervices										
Entertainment										
Fleet services (including	1 452	668	751		349	411	560	590	624	
overnment motor transport)	1 402	000	731		349	411	000	290	024	
lousing										
nventory: Fuel, oil and gas				38						
Consumable supplies	797	338	488	598	598	469	373	609	644	
Consumable: Stationery, printing										
nd office supplies	1 051	1 054	2 304	1 241	1 241	1 554	1 026	1 405	1 487	
Operating leases	1 443	2 494	3 588	4 043	4 081	5 223	5 196	5 415	5 729	
Property payments	4 291	7 924	6 191	9 575	6 928	7 303	5 020	5 624	5 950	
ravel and subsistence	3 391	278	840	2 026	2 502	1 401	713	812	859	
raining and development	3 199	1 337	1 418	2 293	2 293	2 999	1 088	1 663	1 760	
Operating payments	539	411	779	752	752	873	570	603	639	
/enues and facilities	1 426	757	542	1 476	1 216	1 114	1 123	1 123	1 188	
	20		0.2				20	20		
Rental and hiring										
nterest and rent on land										
nterest										
ransfers and subsidies	75	1 499	214	238	303	326	1 000	1 015	1 074	
	19	1 433	214	230	303	320	1 000	1 013	1 0/4	
rovinces and municipalities										
Ion-profit institutions										
louseholds	75	1 499	214	238	303	326	1 000	1 015	1 074	
Social benefits	75	1 499	168		65	88				
	• •			200			4.000	4.045	4 074	
Other transfers to households			46	238	238	238	1 000	1 015	1 074	
ayments for capital assets	2 795	2 006	5 487	1 004	3 004	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728	
lachinery and equipment	2 774	1 731	5 487	1 004	3 004	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728	
			0 101		3001	3 3 10	. 500	. 000		
ransport equipment	· ·									
ther machinery and equipment	2 774	1 731	5 487	1 004	3 004	3 319	1 635	1 636	1 728	
and and sub-soil assets										
oftware and other intangible										
ssets	21	275								
ayments for financial assets		8								
ayments for financial assets		8								

TABLE 14.23: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: SUSTAINABLE FISCAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Current payments	59 088	64 270	62 840	95 595	70 563	71 880	86 416	92 657	98 033	
Compensation of employees	53 562	59 773	55 072	71 629	61 597	61 372	75 424	80 458	85 126	
Salaries and wages	42 580	53 040	49 069	61 165	54 295	54 864	65 179	69 495	73 526	
Social contributions	10 982	6 733	6 003	10 464	7 302	6 508	10 245	10 963	11 600	
Goods and services	5 526	4 497	7 768	23 966	8 966	10 508	10 992	12 199	12 907	
Administrative fees	3 320	4 497 7	2	23 900	7	9	10 992	12 199	6	
	4.404									
Advertising	1 124	361	1 500	486	486	486	511	540	572	
Minor assets										
Audit cost: External		560	485	745	745	745	785	831	879	
Bursaries: Employees Catering: Departmental activities	44	29	53	269	236	162	232	246	260	
	77	23	55	203	200	102	202	240	200	
Communication (G&S) Computer services			345			76				
Consultants and professional services:										
Business and advisory services	1 427	906	2 818	19 033	4 029	5 286	6 065	6 666	7 052	
Legal services	917	593								
Contractors			68		26	26				
Consumable supplies Consumable: Stationery, printing and office			20							
supplies	542	632	693	660	871	1 312	693	733	775	
Operating leases										
Fravel and subsistence	106	227	93	588	597	584	590	785	830	
development	268	525	936	451	451	370	522	553	585	
Operating payments	1 098	657	755	1 261	1 261	1 125	1 177	1 404	1 488	
/enues and facilities				468	257	327	411	435	460	
Rental and hiring										
interest and rent on land										
nterest										
Rent on land										
Transfers and subsidies	50 040	75 150	120 201	52 650	102 682	102 765	55 335	58 544	61 940	
Provinces and			,_,	32000						
municipalities										
Provinces										
Departmental agencies and accounts	50 000	75 000	120 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940	
Social security funds										
Provide list of entities	50 000	75 000	120 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	55 335	58 544	61 940	
eceiving transfers [] digher education estitutions	50 000	75 000	120 000	52 650	102 650	102 650	<u> </u>	30 344	61940	
Non-profit institutions										
Households	40	150	201		32	115				
Social benefits Other transfers to nouseholds	40	150	201		32	115				
IOUSEI IOIUS										
Payments for capital assets				1 400	1 400					

	Outcome			me Main Adjusted Revised appropriation appropriation estimate			Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Other machinery and equipment				1 400	1 400					
Software and other intangible assets										_
Payments for financial assets										
Total economic classification	109 128	139 420	183 041	149 645	174 645	174 645	141 751	151 201	159 973	

TABLE 14.24: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estima	ites
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	99 974	108 469	123 595	128 028	132 366	131 677	145 585	155 523	164 541
Compensation of employees	63 907	73 959	104 748	116 097	115 085	114 557	129 892	140 280	148 416
Salaries and wages	51 009	64 702	91 256	98 888	99 626	100 050	111 822	121 093	128 117
Social contributions	12 898	9 257	13 492	17 209	15 459	14 507	18 070	19 187	20 299
Goods and services	36 067	34 510	18 847	11 931	17 281	17 120	15 693	15 243	16 125
Administrative fees		6	5	11	11	11	12	13	13
Advertising		94		94	63				
Minor assets	2	18							
Audit cost: External	1 082	581	519	664	664	378	697	737	780
Catering: Departmental activities	-	175	49	200	218	236	100	113	120
Computer services	2 828	634	863	2 718	3 670	3 020	5 367	5 532	5 853
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	27 980	31 066	16 112	5 340	9 840	10 277	6 879	6 641	7 025
Contractors		7							
Agency and support / outsourced services	58								
Consumable supplies		4							
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	10	2	7	3	3	3	3	3	3
Travel and subsistence	160	208	234	477	495	453	419	460	487
Training and development	3 776	1 399	1 001	1 867	2 117	2 234	1 953	1 241	1 313
Operating payments	171	270	35	157	150	130	164	174	184
Venues and facilities		46	22	400	50	378	100	328	347
Interest and rent on land							· · ·		
Interest									
Transfers and									
subsidies	879	112	87		170	189			
Non-profit institutions									
Households	879	112	87		170	189			
Social benefits	879	112	87		170	189			
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital	000	4 220							
assets Machinery and equipment	923 783	1 228 1 228							
Transport equipment	7.00	. 220							

	Outcome			Outcome Main Adjusted Revised appropriation appropriation estimate				Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20		
Other machinery and equipment	78	3 1 228									
Software and other intangible assets	14	0									
Payments for financial assets											
Total economic classification	101 77	6 109 809	123 682	128 028	132 536	131 866	145 585	155 523	164 541		

TABLE 14.25: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: PROVINCIAL SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Current payments	58 228	59 058	56 378	91 537	86 317	84 879	112 614	120 891	132 120	
Compensation of employees	56 132	57 798	52 775	77 013	63 793	62 432	92 511	99 912	100 367	
Salaries and wages	44 906	52 604	45 303	66 240	53 020	53 380	81 181	87 091	86 340	
Social contributions	11 226	5 194	7 472	10 773	10 773	9 052	11 330	12 821	14 027	
Goods and services	2 096	1 260	3 603	14 524	22 524	22 447	20 103	20 979	31 753	
Administrative fees	165	1			2	2				
Advertising	195	286	283	269	3 269	1 645	282	299	316	
Catering: Departmental activities Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory			24	4	54	86	105	112	118	
services	1 700	277	1 722	12 555	15 055	16 243	18 034	18 789	29 437	
Legal services	•	4								
Contractors Agency and support / outsourced services	2	1								
Consumable supplies	2									
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies			23		4	4				
Operating leases										
Property payments										
Travel and subsistence	8	20	7	83	383	52	88	93	98	
Training and development		495	1 406	1 303	1 303	1 821	1 368	1 448	1 532	
Operating payments	1	180		99	43	13	105	110	117	
Venues and facilities	23		138	211	2 411	2 581	121	128	135	
Interest and rent on land										
Interest										
Rent on land										
Transfers and subsidies	79	9	78		9 320	9 361	10 000	10 000		
Non-profit institutions					8 955	8 955	10 000	10 000		
Households	79	9	78		365	406				
Social benefits Other transfers to households	79	9	78		365	406				
Payments for capital assets		17								
Software and other intangible assets		17								

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	
Payments for financial assets	4	116								
Total economic classification	58 311	59 200	56 456	91 537	95 637	94 240	122 614	130 891	132 120	

TABLE 14.26: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estir	nates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16		2016/17		2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	27 526	28 387	29 971	36 303	37 803	37 812	61 384	65 376	73 537
Compensation of employees	20 061	27 681	28 847	35 130	31 080	29 807	54 409	58 760	66 537
Salaries and wages	16 049	25 185	26 016	30 021	25 971	26 810	47 815	50 784	57 486
Social contributions	4 012	2 496	2 831	5 109	5 109	2 997	6 594	7 977	9 051
Goods and services	7 465	706	1 124	1 173	6 723	8 005	6 974	6 616	7 000
Administrative fees			2		2	12			
Advertising	116								
Catering: Departmental activities			66	74	84	183	180	85	90
Communication (G&S)									
Computer services	79	99	204	518	383	305	365	398	421
Consultants and professional services: Business and									
advisory services	6 621				750	750	5 092	5 092	5 388
infrastructure and planning									
Legal services					4 500	5 267			
Consumable supplies		1			1	1			
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	132	375	390	220	532	680	728	442	467
Travel and subsistence	336	231	405	361	444	518	558	539	570
Training and development	167					188			
Operating payments	14		57		27	27	50	60	64
Venues and facilities						74			
Rental and hiring						, ,			
Interest and rent on land									
Interest									
Transfers and subsidies		138	24		50	41			
Households		138	24		50	41			
Social benefits		138	24		50	41			
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets									
Total economic classification	27 526	28 525	29 995	36 303	37 853	37 853	61 384	65 376	73 537

TABLE 14.27: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: GAUTENG AUDIT SERVICES

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estim	ates
R thousand	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	арргорпацоп	2016/17	Colinate	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Current payments	52 659	53 151	55 670	80 539	77 524	76 875	112 379	120 992	134 224
Compensation of employees	52 039	50 994	54 263	74 630	68 115	67 595	104 180	111 498	124 178
Salaries and wages	41 631	44 916	47 926	65 704	59 189	59 862	91 953	98 635	109 701
Social contributions	10 408	6 078	6 337	8 926	8 926	7 733	12 227	12 863	14 477
Goods and services	620	2 157	1 407	5 909	9 409	9 280	8 199	9 494	10 046
Administrative fees		1	2						
Advertising							50	53	57
Computer services	255		712	501	515	1 273	1 516	1 604	1 697
Consultants and professional services: Business and									
advisory services	263	2 036		4 387	6 987	6 081	5 200	5 502	5 822
Consumable supplies Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	2				500	495		820	868
Operating leases									
Property payments Transport provided: Departmental activity									
Travel and subsistence			146	98	298	234	108	114	121
Training and development			547	729	729	859	775	820	867
Operating payments	100	120		194	150	108	300	317	335
Venues and facilities					230	230	250	264	279
Rental and hiring									
Interest and rent on land									
Interest									
Transfers and subsidies	46	36	54		15	15			
Non-profit institutions									
Households	46	36	54		15	15			
Social benefits	46	36	54		15	15			
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital assets		11							
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Buildings									
Other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment		11							
Transport equipment									
Other machinery and equipment		11							
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets									
Total economic classification	52 705	53 198	55 724	80 539	77 539	76 890	112 379	120 992	134 224